

# THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 13.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER 23 1863.

NO. 239.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH  
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by  
**HODGES, HUGHES & CO.,**  
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

WM. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

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August 8, 1860.

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Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

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Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

Estate of James Harlan, dec'd.

THE undersigned having been appointed administrators of the estate of James Harlan, deceased, request all persons indebted to the same to make an early settlement. Persons having claims against said estate will have them prepared for adjustment.  
All persons who may have any books, law or miscellaneous, belonging to said estate, are requested to return them to the undersigned at once.

JAMES HARLAN, JR.  
JOHN M. HARLAN.  
Administrators.

March 14, 1863—Yeoman copy.

**HARLAN & HARLAN,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.

Will practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the Federal courts holden in Frankfort, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of Franklin, Woodford, Shelby, Henry, Anderson, Owen, Mercer, and Scott.  
Special attention given to the collection of claims. They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, dec'd. Correspondence in reference to that business is requested.  
March 16, 1863—tf.

**J. M. GRAY,**  
DENTAL SURGEON,  
Office and residence on Main between St. Clair and Lewis Streets.  
FRANKFORT, KY.

ALL operations for the Extraction, Insertion, Regulation, and Preservation of the Teeth performed in a scientific and satisfactory manner. He would ask the particular attention of those wanting artificial Teeth to his own improvement upon the Gold Rimmed Plate, which, for cleanliness, durability, and neatness, cannot be excelled. Specimens of all kinds of plate work may be seen at his office.  
Frankfort, April 22, 1863—ly.

Executive, Military, and Judicial Directory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our readers, the following Directory of all the departments of the State Government of Kentucky:

Executive Department.

GOVERNOR.

Thos. E. Bramlette, Frankfort.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

E. L. Van Winkle, Sec'y of State, Frankfort.  
Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary, Frankfort.  
Daniel Clarke, "Ancient Governor," Frankfort.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

Grant Green, Auditor, Frankfort.  
C. Bailey, Assistant Auditor, Frankfort.  
James M. Withrow, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Isaac Wingate, Jr., Clerk, Frankfort.  
B. F. Johnson, Clerk, Frankfort.  
F. H. Overton, Clerk, Frankfort.  
John L. Saeed, Clerk, Frankfort.

TREASURER'S OFFICE.

James H. Garrard, Treasurer, Frankfort.  
Mason P. Brown, Clerk, Frankfort.

LAND OFFICE.

Jas. A. Dawson, Register, Frankfort.  
Richard Sharpe, Chief Clerk, Frankfort.  
Ben. Chase, Clerk, Frankfort.

SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Rev. Daniel Stevenson, Frankfort.  
J. H. M. Ross, Clerk, Frankfort.

BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.

Philip Swigert, Frankfort.  
William Brown, Jr., Bowlinggreen.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

John M. Harlan, Frankfort.

PUBLIC PRINTER.

Wm. E. Hughes, Frankfort.

PUBLIC BINDER.

Adam C. Keenon, Frankfort.

LIBRARIAN.

Geo. A. Robertson, Frankfort.

Military Department.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

John Boyle, Adjutant General, Frankfort.  
James T. Bramlette, Asst. Adj. Gen., Frankfort.  
Charles Haydon, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Wm. E. Cox, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Chas. J. Clarke, Clerk, Frankfort.  
Frank H. Pope, Clerk, Frankfort.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE.

D. W. Lindsey, Inspector General, Frankfort.  
James F. Turman, Chief Clerk, Frankfort.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Samuel G. Suddarth, Quartermaster General, Frankfort.  
W. T. Poynter, Auditing Clerk, Frankfort.  
Thos. A. Theobald, Ordnance Clerk, at Arsenal, Frankfort.

Judicial Department.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Alvin Duvall, Chief Justice, Georgetown.  
Joshua F. Bullitt, Judge, Louisville.  
Belvidere J. Peters, Judge, Mount Sterling.  
Rufus K. Williams, Judge, Mayfield.  
James P. Metcalfe, Reporter, Frankfort.  
Lealie Combs, Clerk, Frankfort.  
R. R. Bolling, Deputy Clerk, Frankfort.

JUDGES OF CIRCUIT COURTS.

1st Dist.—C. S. Marshall, Danville.  
2d Dist.—R. T. Petre, Hopkinsville.  
3d Dist.—James Stuart, Brandenburg.  
4th Dist.—A. W. Graham, Bowlinggreen.  
5th Dist.—J. E. Newman, Bardonia.  
6th Dist.—F. T. Fox, Danville.  
7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville.  
8th Dist.—Geo. C. Drake, New Castle.  
9th Dist.—Joseph Doniphan, Augusta.  
10th Dist.—L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg.  
11th Dist.—Richard Apperson, Jr., Mt. Sterling.  
12th Dist.—Granville Pearl, London.  
13th Dist.—W. C. Goodloe, Richmond.  
14th Dist.—W. P. Fowler, Smithland.

CHANCERY CLERKS.

4th Dist.—J. W. Ritter, Glasgow.  
7th Dist.—Henry Pirtle, Louisville.  
Harry Stucky, Clerk Louisville Chancery Court, Louisville.

COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEYS.

1st Dist.—F. D. Yeiser, Paducah.  
2d Dist.—E. F. Campbell, Princeton.  
3d Dist.—John Chapman, Hartford.  
4th Dist.—W. B. Jones, Franklin.  
5th Dist.—L. H. Noble, Lebanon.  
6th Dist.—M. H. Owsley, Burkesville.  
7th Dist.—J. R. Dupuy, Shelbyville.  
8th Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.  
9th Dist.—R. B. Carpenter, Covington.  
10th Dist.—Geo. M. Thomas, Clarksville.  
11th Dist.—J. S. Dury, Mt. Sterling.  
12th Dist.—Hugh F. Finley, Whitley C. H.  
13th Dist.—W. S. Downey, Winchester.  
14th Dist.—John Barrett, Henderson.

\*NOTE.—The new Auditor, Wm. T. SAMUELS, Esq., does not go into office until the first Monday in January, 1864, consequently we make no change in the Directory of that Department.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, ..... E. L. VAN WINKLE.  
**BRAMLETTE & VAN WINKLE,**  
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**

Will practice in the Court of Appeals and Federal Courts held in Kentucky.  
Office in MANSION HOUSE, nearly opposite Commonwealth Printing Office.  
E. L. & J. S. VAN WINKLE  
Will practice in the Franklin, Anderson, Boyle, and adjacent Circuit Courts.  
Offices—FRANKFORT and DANVILLE.  
Sept. 14, 1863—by.

*Bryant's Commercial Directory*

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Address  
THOS. J. BRYANT.  
August 12, 1863—3m.

Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroads.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1863, the Accommodation Train will leave Louisville at 3:20 p. m.  
Oct. 30, 1863. SAM'L GILL, Supt.

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WHOLESALE COLUMN!  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

We have now in Store the largest Stock of

**DRY GOODS**

AT

**WHOLESALE**

Ever brought to

**THE WEST!**

Our Goods were purchased and orders placed early in July, when prices were 10 to 25 per cent. lower than the

PREVAILING RATES OF TO-DAY.

We are thus enabled to sell at

**LOWER PRICES**

Than can NOW be purchased in New York.

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Which we offer to Merchants at

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FRENCH MERINOS,  
MAGENTA MERINOS,  
AZULINE MERINOS,  
COBURGS,  
MODE ALPACAS,  
BLACK ALPACAS,  
POIL DE CHEVRES,  
WOOLEN PLAIDS,  
FRENCH REPPS,  
FRENCH POPLINS,  
PLAIN EMPRESS CLOTHS.

**L. C. HOPKINS & CO.**

COR. FIFTH AND VINE.

We have in Store,

**AT WHOLESALE!**

**TEN THOUSAND**

**SHAWLS,**

**AT LOW PRICES.**

WATERVLEIT SQUARE SHAWLS,  
WATERVLEIT DRAB SHAWLS,  
WATERVLEIT LONG SHAWLS,  
WATERVLEIT MOURNING SHAWLS,  
MIDDLESEX SHAWLS,  
MIDDLESEX MOURNING SHAWLS,  
NEW STYLE STRIPED SHAWLS,  
RICH PLAID SHAWLS,  
BROCHE SQUARE SHAWLS,  
BROCHE LONG SHAWLS.

**BALMORAL SKIRTS,**

FOR THE TRADE.

6,000

BALMORAL SKIRTS,  
BRUNNEN'S SKIRTS,  
WASHINGTON SKIRTS,  
ENGLISH SKIRTS.

**L. C. HOPKINS & CO.**

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SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

AT

**WHOLESALE**

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Attawagun XX., Greens, White Rock,  
Rhodes Island, Red Bank 7-8  
and 4-4 Hudson.

**L. C. HOPKINS & CO.**

CORNER FIFTH AND VINE.

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**AT WHOLESALE.**

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**AT LOW PRICES.**

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**BY THE BALE.**

**L. C. HOPKINS & CO.**

CORNER FIFTH AND VINE.

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**AT WHOLESALE.**

7-4 Bleached Damask, 7-5 Snow Drop,  
8-4 Bleached Damask, 8-4 Snow Drop, Damask  
Towels, Bordered Towels.

**L. C. HOPKINS & CO.**

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**AT WHOLESALE.**

We have a superb Stock of

**EMBROIDERED**

**GOLLARS AND SETS,**

MALTESE LACE COLLARS,  
LACE SLEEVES,  
LACE SETS,  
EDGINGS,  
HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.

Merchants will find it greatly advantageous to examine our stock of goods before purchasing.

**L. C. HOPKINS & CO.,**

CINCINNATI, OHIO  
Sept. 25, 1863

**STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION**  
OF THE  
**Liverpool and London Fire & Life**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY,**

On the 1st day of January, 1863, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

NAME AND LOCATION.  
The name of the Company is the LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located in Liverpool, England.

CAPITAL.  
The amount of its Capital Stock, is, authorized, \$10,000,000 00  
The amount of the Capital Stock paid up, is, with surplus fund, 6,559,525 00

ASSETS.  
1. Cash on hand, in Banks and on demand, \$232,541 75  
2. Real estate unimproved, 150,000 00  
3. Debts due the Company, secured by mortgage on unimproved Real Estate worth, 685,400 00  
4. The Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying—how secured, and the rate of interest thereon, to-wit: 78,042 00  
5. The Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying—how secured, and the rate of interest thereon, to-wit: 40,000 00  
6. United States 6 per cent. Stock, of 1861, 40,383 23  
7. All other securities, 40,383 23

Total assets of the Company \$1,222,027 08

LIABILITIES.  
1. The amount of Liabilities, due and not due, to Banks and other Creditors—none.  
2. Losses unadjusted and Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof, \$73,140 25  
3. All other claims against the Company—none.  
Total liabilities, \$73,140 25

STATE OF NEW YORK,

City and County of New York, ss.  
Henry Grinnell, Deputy Chairman, and Alfred Pell, Resident Secretary, of the Liverpool and London Fire and Life Insurance Company, being several sworn deposes and say, each for himself, says, that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds, or in Mortgages on unimproved Real Estate, worth, per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of the said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatsoever; that the mortgage above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner released or impaired by said Company; and that they are the above described officers of the said Insurance Company.

HENRY GRINNELL, Deputy Ch'm.  
ALFRED PELL, Resident Sec'y.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Commissioner for Kentucky, in and for said County of New York, State of New York, this 21st day of January, A. D. 1863.

[L. S.]  
I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

[L. S.]  
In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

No. 102—Renewal.  
Auditor's Office, Ky.,  
Frankfort, 21st March, 1863.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That Jno. B. Temple, as Agent of the Liverpool and London Fire and Life Insurance Company, of Liverpool, England, at Frankfort, Franklin County, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said Jno. B. Temple, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that, since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

[L. S.]  
I have hereto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 17th day of Nov. A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.  
By the Governor:  
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Sec'y of State.  
Nov. 4, 1863—WJ5.

**Proclamation by the Governor.**  
\$250 REWARD.  
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that a negro man named BOB, the property of Thomas Harris, was sentenced to be hung on the 11th of December next, for the murder of Johnson Harris, who has made his escape from the Union County Jail, and is now going at large. Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said BOB, and his delivery to the Jailor of Union County within one year from the date hereof.

[L. S.]  
I have hereto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 17th day of Nov. A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.  
By the Governor:  
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.  
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

**Proclamation by the Governor.**  
\$250 REWARD.  
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that LEWIS CHAPMAN, under an indictment in the Union Circuit Court, for the murder of Don J. Austin, has made his escape from the Union County Jail, and is now going at large. Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said Chapman, and his delivery to the Jailor of Union County within one year from the date hereof.

[L. S.]  
I have hereto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 17th day of Nov. A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.  
By the Governor:  
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.  
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

**Proclamation by the Governor.**  
\$250 REWARD.  
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that LEWIS CHAPMAN, under an indictment in the Union Circuit Court, for the murder of Don J. Austin, has made his escape from the Union County Jail, and is now going at large. Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said Chapman, and his delivery to the Jailor of Union County within one year from the date hereof.

[L. S.]  
I have hereto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 17th day of Nov. A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.  
By the Governor:  
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.  
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

**DESCRIPTION.**  
He is about 40 years of age, 6 feet high, heavy built, light hair, and blue eyes.  
Nov. 17th, 1863—wktw3m.

JAMES SPEED, ..... WM. F. BARRETT.  
**SPEED & BARRETT,**  
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW,**  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVE associated with them SAMUEL B. SMITH, of the late firm of Bullitt & Smith, in the practice of the law, under the firm of SPEED, BARRETT & SMITH, and will attend the Court of Appeals, Federal Court at Louisville, and all the Courts held in Louisville. [Jan. 17, '62—ly]

**Proclamation of the Governor.**

The President's call for 300,000 volunteers, to serve three years or during the war, to fill up the old regiments, makes the allotment to Kentucky of 12,000 to be raised.

This call must be met, either by volunteers, or by draft, at an early day. The 5th of January is set by the President as the time of ordering the draft. This will give time for Congress to repeal the \$300 exemption.

Volunteers will receive the liberal bounty and increased pay offered by the Government; the conscript will not. Volunteers select their own company and regiment—the conscript will be assigned without regard to his wishes. The volunteer will be honored by his companions in arms and by his country—the conscript will not.

Recruiting officers will be detailed from the various regiments and assigned their recruiting posts by the Adjutant General. The proportion due from each county, to equalize the service from the commencement of the war, will be made known by the Adjutant General, and notice thereof given. Each county will be required to furnish its allotment either in volunteers or conscripts.

Recruiting for the twelve months service will cease with the authorities heretofore given, so soon as the regiments forming are filled.

Let no man say he would volunteer if it were for defense of the State or to serve in the State. Facts answer such declarations. For months you have been called on for such service, and failed to respond. This service is now closed to you.

Kentucky now is, and must continue to be, exposed so long as there are rebel armies in the field. Guerrilla raids will cease when the rebel armies are broken up. The only security to your State against invasions and raids, is the destruction of the rebel armies. Were our old regiments full even to the minimum, the days of rebellion would be numbered, and but few. The true defense of your State therefore is by filling the old regiments now in the field. This will give a crushing force, which must soon sweep the rebel armies from the field.

It is better for you, and for the service that you enlist in the old regiments. It secures you from much of the dangers of camp and field, and greatly increases your efficiency as a soldier. These regiments are now historic. They are ennobled by deeds of brave suffering and lofty heroism. Their banners bear inscriptions



## KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

## IN SENATE.

MONDAY, Dec. 21, 1863.

Prayer by Rev. JOHN S. HAYS, of the Presbyterian church.

The Journal of Saturday was read by the clerk.

## REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. RIFFE—Religion—Authorizing the closing of public offices on certain days, amended by striking out 1st of January; passed.

Mr. BRUNER—Revised Statutes—To increase compensation of assessors; re-committed to committee on Finance.

Mr. FISK—Revised Statutes—To amend chapter 75, Revised Statutes; passed.

Same—To increase the pay of grand jurors, with the opinion that it ought not to pass; concurred in.

## RESOLUTION.

Mr. RIFFE offered a resolution that the Senate meet to-morrow, at 8 o'clock; passed.

## HOUSE BILLS.

Several House bills were read and appropriately referred.

## A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Was received through the hands of Assistant Secretary, J. R. PAGE, announcing the signing of sundry enrolled bills.

## LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Was granted to Messrs. RIFFE, MARSHALL, FISK, WRIGHT, and GRANGER, indefinitely.

## MOTION.

Mr. GOODLOE moved a reconsideration of the vote granting leaves of absence to certain Senators; rejected.

## LEAVE TO BRING IN A BILL.

Mr. McHENRY had leave to bring in a bill to continue in force until the 1st day of January, 1864, the 3d section of an act relating to banks in this Commonwealth, approved March 14, 1862.

## RECESS.

On motion of Mr. FISK, the Senate took a recess until 12 o'clock.

Senate re-assembled at 12 o'clock, M., and their being no business before the Senate, it adjourned until to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, Dec. 22, 1863.

The House was opened with prayer by Rev. S. L. ROBERTSON, of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

## PETITIONS.

Were presented by Messrs. DULIN and JOHNSON.

## REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. R. J. BROWNE—Claims—To provide certain offices of this State with public books, where they have been destroyed by fire, &c.; passed.

Mr. WEIR—Education—Senate bill to incorporate the Ursuline Society of Education; passed.

Same—Senate bill for the benefit of the Kentucky annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South; passed.

Mr. HAWKINS—Military Affairs—Resolution of thanks to Colonel Marc Munday; adopted.

Same—Senate resolution for the purpose of correcting the returns of troops furnished the General Government during the present war; adopted.

## SUSPENSION OF THE RULES.

The rules were suspended in order to take up a resolution from the Senate in relation to military enrollment, &c.

A number of amendments were offered, all of which were voted down, and the original resolution was then adopted.

## REPORTS RESUMED.

Mr. VARNON—Agriculture and Manufactures—Senate bill to establish a uniform weight of wool; passed.

Mr. SHANKLIN—Circuit Courts—Senate bill to establish the 15th Judicial District postponed.

Mr. WOOD—County Courts—To enable the county court of Crittenden county to build a jail; passed.

Same—To change the law in relation to appraisers; passed.

Same—To change the voting place in election district No. 2, in Greenup county; passed.

Same—Senate bill for the benefit of Bourbon county; passed.

Mr. BAILEY—Ways and Means—Senate bill for the benefit of Geo. Parker, sheriff of Union county; passed.

## A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Was received through the hands of J. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary of State, announcing the signing of sundry enrolled bills.

## LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, viz: Mr. CURTIS—To extend slack water navigation on the Kentucky river.

Mr. J. R. THOMAS—Benefit of the loyal slave owners of this Commonwealth.

## ORDERS OF THE DAY.

An act to amend section 741, Civil Code of Practice; passed.

An act to amend sub-division 1st, section 440, Civil Code; laid on the table.

An act for the benefit of the sheriff of Bath county, with a Senate amendment; concurred in.

Senate bill for the benefit of B. Spears, sheriff of Monroe county; passed.

Senate bill for the benefit of John Walden.

## LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Was granted to Messrs. DELPH, THOMPSON, WOOD, HAMILTON, WM. M. ALLEN, IRVINE, MARSHALL, and DeHAVEN.

## MOTION.

Mr. McLOED moved that when this House adjourn to-day, it adjourn to meet to-morrow at 8 o'clock; adopted.

## RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. SPARKS offered the following joint resolution, which lies one day on the table.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

That the General Assembly will proceed to the election of Public Printer on Wednesday, the 27th day of January, 1864, at 12 o'clock.

Mr. McLOED offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Whereas, Complaint has been made by various persons along the line of the Louisville and Frankfort and Frankfort and Lexington railroads, that the President and Directors of said roads are

not using the same in accordance with the terms of their charter, refusing to transport such freight as may be in conflict with their personal interests, and failing to run trains for the transportation of passengers at such time, and to such points, as the public necessity demands. Be it therefore

Resolved, That the committee on Internal Improvements be and are hereby ordered to investigate the matters set forth in the above preamble, and report, as soon as practicable, whether there is any failure on the part of said President and Directors of said road to comply with the requirements of their charter, and what legislation, if any, is necessary in regard to said road, in order that it may subserve the interest of the public as originally contemplated.

Mr. NEALE offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to take into consideration the propriety of some action on the part of this Legislature to render deceased tribute to the memories of Gen. William P. Sanders and other martyr heroes of Kentucky, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. McFARLAND offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures examine the tobacco inspection laws of Kentucky and report whether any further legislation is necessary to protect the interest of planters and others who send their tobacco to Louisville for sale and that they report by bill or otherwise.

And then the House adjourned until 8 o'clock, to-morrow.

## IN SENATE.

TUESDAY, Dec. 22, 1863.

The Journal of yesterday was read by the clerk.

## MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. Todd, Assistant Clerk, announcing the passage of sundry bills and resolutions, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate; and also the passage of several Senate bills by the House.

## A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Was received by J. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary of State, announcing the signing of sundry enrolled bills.

The Senate then adjourned until the 5th day of January, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Dec. 22, 1863.

No minister was present this morning.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

## A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Was received by the hands of J. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary of State, announcing the signing of sundry enrolled bills.

Nothing of special interest occurred to-day the time being consumed in reporting enrolled bills, resolutions, &c.

At half past eight o'clock the House took a recess until the 5th of January.

## Winter Gayeties in New York.

A New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer writes:

We hear much of the great things that are to be done, among the fashionable up town, between now and Christmas. The sexton of Grace Church, the immaculate Brown, has orders to engineer at least a dozen first-class (that's Brown's phrase) parties, for all of which he has carte blanche as to expense.

Some of them will cost as high as \$2,500, without including the hired plate and jewelry to be exhibited on the occasion. In one instance "cards" have been issued to the number of three hundred, including the flower of all the modern city aristocracy. I say "modern," in order to draw the proper distinction between the *ancient regime* and the aristocracy which the war and the probable speculations growing out of the war, have thrown upon the surface of society.

A man with marriageable daughters is nobody in New York, anyhow, Brown says, unless he can "make a splurge," and if the hitherto Nobodies have it in their power now to metamorphose themselves into Somebody, it would be ungracious if not uncharitable to say nay. We hear too, of several diamond weddings on the tapis. In one case, the bridegroom is a gallant Brigadier, and the bride, the blooming daughter of one of our sensation clergymen. In another, the bride is a distinguished foreigner, and the lady, I believe, is the eldest daughter of a well-known Wall street broker.

## How to Cook Poultry.

To Roast a Goose.—Geese seem to bear the same relation to poultry that pork does to the flesh of other domestic quadrupeds; that is, the flesh of geese is not suitable for, or agreeable to, the very delicate in constitution. One reason, doubtless, is that it is the fashion to bring it to table very rare done; a detestable mode.

Take a young goose, pick, singe and clean well. Make the stuffing with two ounces of onions (about four common sized) and one ounce of green sage chopped very fine; then add a large coffee-cup of stale bread crumbs and the same of mashed potatoes; a little pepper and salt, a bit of butter as big as a walnut, the yolk of an egg or two, mix these well together and stuff the goose. Do not fill it entirely; the stuffing requires room to swell. Spit it, tie the spit at both ends to prevent its swinging round, and to prevent the stuffing from coming out. The fire must be brisk. Baste it with salt and water at first, then with its own dripping. It will take two hours or more to roast thoroughly.

A green goose—that is, one under four months old—is seasoned with pepper and salt, instead of sage and onions. It will roast in an hour.

SAUCE FOR A ROASTED GOOSE.—Put into a saucepan a tablespoonful of made mustard, half a teaspoonful of Cayenne pepper, a glass of Port wine, and a gill of gravy. Mix and warm, and pour it through a sieve into the body of the goose just before serving.—*Lady's Book.*

To Roast a Turkey.—Prepare a stuffing of pork sausage meat, one beaten egg, and a few crumbs of bread; or, if sausages are to be served with the turkey, stuffing as for fillet of veal; in either, a little shred shallot is an improvement. Stuff the bird under the breast, dredge it with flour, and put it down to a clear brisk fire; at a moderate distance the first half hour, but afterwards nearer. Baste with butter; and when the turkey is plumped up and the steam draws toward the fire it will be nearly done. Then dredge it lightly with flour, and baste it with a little more butter, first melted in the basting ladle. Serve with gravy in the dish and bread-sauce in the tureen. It may be garnished with fried pork-meat if real stuffing be used. Sometimes the gizzard and liver are dipped into the yolk of an egg, and sprinkled with salt and Cayenne, and then put under the pinions before the bird is put to the fire. A very large turkey will require three hours' roasting; one of eight or ten pounds two hours, and a small one an hour and a half.

To Boil a Turkey.—Make a stuffing as

for veal; or if you wish a plain stuffing, pound a cracker or some bread crumb very fine, chop raw salt pork very fine, sift some sage and any other sweet herbs that are liked, season with pepper, and mould them together with the yolk of an egg; put this under the breast, and tie it closely. Set on the turkey in boiling water enough to cover it; boil very slowly, and take off the scum as it rises. A large turkey will require more than two hours' boiling, a small one an hour and a half. Garnish with fried pork-meat, and serve with oyster or celery sauce.

Or: Fill the body with oysters, and let it boil by steam without water. When sufficiently done, take it up, strain the gravy that will be found in the pan, and which, when cold, will be a fine jelly; thicken it with a little flour and butter, add the liquor of the oysters intended for sauce, also stewed, and warm the oysters up in it; whiten it with a little boiled cream and pour it over the turkey.

## An Extraordinary Chess-Player.

Let me tell you of a wonderful chess player, an account of whose performances I learned lately from a distinguished and learned Hindoo Pandit here, Ram Shandah Bal Chreshni. The chess-player came from Madras to Bombay, where Ram Shandah saw him. He is between 45 and 50 years of age. He plays several games—three, if I remember—blindfold, and wins them. At the same time he plays a game of cards—there are 120 different cards in a Hindoo pack—and wins. At the time when these games are going on, he is given, orally, sums of multiplication to the extent of five figures, (e. g. 9,397,8,999), and gives the correct result. At the same time a sentence of about one hundred words, each word being numbered, is given to him irregularly, (35 if, 92 but, 61 pitcher, etc.), and he gives the whole sentence. During the games a bell is touched every one or two seconds, and he gives the number of times it has been touched. A man stands behind him and throws little pebbles, one by one, against his back; these, too, he counts. And after the games are over, and all these are told, he recites a poem in perfect rhyme, which he has composed during the sitting. Ram Shandah is, I assure you, an entirely credible witness, and a very clever man every way.—*[M. D. Conway, in the Boston Commonwealth.]*

COAL.—The Pittsburgh Gazette of yesterday says: "Nearly all the coal tugs in port yesterday had steam up, and were busily engaged in getting their respective tows ready, so as to be able to leave to-day. It is altogether probable that there will be a larger amount of coal towed out on the present rise than during any time this season. In addition to this a large number of 'broad horns' will also get off, so that we think Cincinnati and Louisville will be pretty well supplied with coal by the time it all reaches there." It will be seen from the above that the prospect of a large quantity of coal soon arriving is very good. We understand, however, that the Pittsburgh dealers who came down in advance of their coal, are asking thirty cents per bushel for it at the river, upon arrival. This price our dealers refuse to give, and thus the matter stands.

## [Cincinnati Times.]

[From the Binghamton Times.]

The New York State Inebriate Asylum.

This magnificent structure, in beauty and boldness of architectural design rivaling the benevolent institutions of the Old World, will prove a splendid and lasting memorial of the public spirit and generous charity of the people of the Empire State. It is situated on the northern bank of the Susquehanna, upon a commanding elevation, about two and a half miles east of the village of Binghamton. The edifice covers an area of about three acres, and consists of five buildings, 1,453 feet in length. The main building is of limestone, in castellated gothic style, and towers up one hundred feet from its base. One hundred men are now busily employed in the completion of the work, under competent, and careful supervision. When completed, the institution will comprise five divisions and ten wards. Each division will accommodate one hundred patients. A neat and commodious chapel, eighty-two feet in length, thirty-seven in breadth, forty in height, and will seat seven hundred persons. A library fifty-eight by twenty-eight, will afford the inmates rare facilities for intellectual and moral improvement. Rooms for patients are twelve by eighteen. Each patient will eat in his own room. The building will be ventilated by one thousand one hundred flues and furnished with every facility for the comfort and health of the inmates, while for the purpose of outdoor employment and exercise, three hundred and sixty acres of the finest land in the Susquehanna valley are attached to the institution.

## Profession of Religion.

The Father of his country, of whom it has been said "there is none like him in the earth," was not ashamed or afraid to be a Christian and own it, he confessed Christ before men. He asked it as a privilege to be permitted to come to the table of the Lord. Who are you that must stand afar off, when every principle of honor and obligations demands that you confess your Savior if you hope to be saved? In Christ Jesus there is no distinction of rank or condition. If Washington was washed in atoning blood, it was the same blood that washed the blackest of his redeemed slaves. And if you would get to heaven, there is no other way than through this Savior. Do you ask me if it is necessary to salvation that you join the church? I answer that it is necessary that you be joined to Christ, and Christ has said if you are ashamed to confess him before men he will not own you. Therefore, if you are ashamed to join the church, you lack the evidence of being joined to Christ.—*[N. Y. Observer.]*

The terrible tragedy at Shelbyville, Indiana, in which two boys, who for some offense were taken to jail, had their throats cut from ear to ear by an insane man, into whose apartment they were put, terminates, if possible still more fearfully. On Saturday a mob took from the prison the insane man. They tied a rope around his neck, and would have hung him, but were prevented by some humane persons. This affair is one of the most horrifying. We cannot help saying that the official who put these boys in the cell with the insane man is culpable. We do not know who he was, and we understand that the insane man was searched and nothing discovered, but it seems he had a knife concealed in his drawers. The whole matter ought to be thoroughly investigated, for such a thing, in all its aspects, is heart-rending. The names of the boys were Shockley and Havens, and were aged about fifteen years.

## LATEST NEWS.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 21.

Major-Generals Grant and Sherman, Gen. Dodge, and Surgeon-General Hammond are in the city, stopping at the St. Cloud Hotel. Gen Grant will establish his headquarters here for the winter.

The coldest weather since 1859. The ice on the creeks and ponds is one inch thick. There is a large fleet of steamers at the levee. River eleven feet, and falling on the shoals.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.

The Government, it is said, received information of a rebel plot to rescue the rebel prisoners now at Point Lookout, under charge of Gen. Marston, of a New Hampshire brigade. It is said, however, that the prisoners deny all knowledge of the affair, and many of them, who are very comfortably quartered, would not join in an attempt, even if an armed force of rebels made their appearance. Precautionary measures, however, have been taken at the Point, and if any such attempt was undertaken, the attacking party would surely receive a warm reception.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.

A special to the Democrat from Fort Smith, Arkansas, December 20, says that an attack was made on the outposts of Fort Gibson on the 17th, by Standwaite, with a force stated at 1,600. He was repulsed and fell back, taking part of his force across the Arkansas, below Fort Gibson, moving north-east.

The Third Wisconsin cavalry has just returned from a successful reconnaissance southward. They went within 15 miles of Red river, but finding the enemy had changed position since the last advice, they were unable to proceed further. Their return was a constant skirmish for over a hundred miles, strong bodies of the enemy being posted at all the cross roads to intercept them. They cut their way through in a number of places, and avoided other posts by taking blind and circuitous mountain passes. Their loss was trifling. Among the prisoners captured is the notorious Handy Lane, who boasts of having killed over a hundred Union citizens with his own hand.

Information has been received that two-thirds of Kirby Smith's force are preparing to attack Little Rock, while the balance, anticipating that McNeill's force will be drawn away to re-enforce Steele, are to fall on Fort Smith.

A communication from the Choctaw chief, McQuirtain, says that the Choctaws will not rejoin Cooper. The tribe are disappointed.

Our advance headquarters are at Waldron, 55 miles south. They frequently push down toward Wachita, constantly annoying Price's left flank.

CHATTANOOGA, Dec. 21.

Two boats from Bridgeport arrived last night loaded with provisions. All citizens here from the North are being enrolled with a view of covering the draft. The order causes some stir. Great improvement has been made here in the post-office and mail arrangements by the new Post-master, Hood, and Mail Agent, E. P. Cone.

DECEMBER FLOWERS.—How beautiful and abundant are the flowers which adorn the gardens of New Orleans just now! Were a Northerner suddenly translated here with no knowledge that he was going South instead of North he would imagine himself to have slept till June and then to have awoke in the garden of Eden. How sweet the fragrance they shed upon the air. If there are no other reasons for loving this sunny land of ours, it is enough that here our roses are in indeed perpetual and the year begins and ends in bloom. It is the land of the evergreen—the chosen home of the Queen of Flowers.

[N. O. Picayune.]

A dry jester thinks young ladies should be subjected to the conscription, they are so accustomed to "bare arms."

## COURT OF APPEALS.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 19, 1863.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Miller v Commonwealth, Washington; affirmed. Graves et al v Sallie, Fayette; reversed. Duffau v Boury, Mason; appeal dismissed—want of jurisdiction.

## ORDERS.

Joseph J. Landes, Esq., of Hopkinsville, admitted as attorney in this court. Doty v Bruce's heirs, Lewis; motion to correct taxation of costs overruled. Barrick v Douglas and Huff, Nicholas; Graves et al v Campbell's ad'r, Nicholas; McNeil v McDaniel, Christian; Lacy v Lacy, Christian; Gladish et ux v Turner et ux, Christian; Read v Read's heirs, Hardin; were submitted on briefs.

Leeman v Hinton, McCracken; argued by Lindsey for appellee, and laid over till Monday for further hearing.

To-day the Chief Justice announced that on Thursday, the 24th inst., the court would call the docket for that day, and then take a recess until Monday, January the 4th, 1864.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 22, 1863.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Wurts v Beckwith's ad'r, Lewis; affirmed. Taylor v Farley, Madison; affirmed. Burrick v Douglass & Huff, Nicholas; reversed.

## ORDERS.

Holeman et al v Landes et al, Christian; set for hearing on the 4th of January next. Scott et ux v Scroggin & McCampbell, Jessamine; appearance of appellees entered. Sallee et al v Stewart's ad'r et al, Grant; set for hearing on the 7th day of January next. Gray et al v Morton et al, Greenup; affidavit filed and subpoena duces tecum awarded. Sinton's ex'r v Grubb's ad'r, Grayson; continued.

Wilson v Duncan, Muhlenburg; death of appellee suggested and cause continued. Weatherford v Myers, Muhlenburg; continued.

Lovace v Crockett's ad'r, Muhlenburg; Kinchloe v Same, Muhlenburg; Crockett's ad'r v Winters & Milligan, Muhlenburg; Worley et al v Upton et al, Butler; Robbins v Oldham, Pendleton; Chery v Compton's heirs, Simpson; were submitted on briefs.

Leeman v Hinton, McCracken; argument concluded by John M. Harlan for appellant.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 22, 1863.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Worley et al v Upton et al, Butler; affirmed. Elliott v Woodson, Pendleton; reversed. McCormack v Jameson, Montgomery; reversed. Commonwealth v Hannah, Greenup; appeal dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 22, 1863.

ORDERS.

Letcher v Ingram, Henderson; continued. Burbank v Barrett et al, Henderson; continued. Gregory v McFarland, Henderson; continued. Elliott v Woodson, Pendleton; continued. Dawson v McCrory, Simpson; were submitted on briefs.

Robertson v Cloud & Farrow, Fayette; argued by Beck for appellees, and argument concluded by Judge Robertson for appellant. Chery v Compton's heirs, Simpson; argued by James Harlan, jr. for appellee and cause submitted.

## NOTICE.

COMMITTED to the jail of Lyon county, Ky., a negro woman who calls herself CHARITY TOLIVER, and who says she is free. Said negro woman was arrested as a runaway, is about five feet high, about forty-nine years of age, copper complexion, slender made, and will weigh about one hundred and fifteen pounds.

The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.

JOHN LONG, J. L. C.

Dec. 19, 1863—1m.

## NOTICE.

THERE was committed to the jail of Harrison county, as a runaway slave, a negro by calling himself JOHN. He is about 17 years of age, weighs about 150 pounds, copper color, about 5 feet 9 inches high. Says he belongs to Brown Paton of Alabama.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

JOHN BRUCE, J. H. C.

Dec. 7th, 1863—1m.

## NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Little county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself JOHN CLARK. He is about 5 feet 9 inches high, age not known but is young. Says he belongs to Jas. Fitz, of Louisville.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

B. F. TROUTMAN, J. E. C.

Dec. 16, 1863—1m.

## NEW CLOTHING HOUSE!!

COMMONWEALTH BUILDING.

WE would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort, and vicinity, that we have opened our new and select stock of clothing and

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Consisting of  
GLOVES, GAUNTLETS, HOSIERY, NEW  
STYLE NECK-TIES, SCARFS, AND  
HANDKERCHIEFS, FINE  
WOOLEN AND WHITE  
SHIRTS AND  
GENTLEMEN'S UNDERWEAR.

It is our purpose to render our stock the most desirable in Franklin county. We intend selling our goods at a small advance, so that we can constantly keep a new stock in the market.

Remember the place, under the Commonwealth printing office.

A. BACKMAN, S. COHEN.

November 23, 1863—1f.

## COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Franklin Circuit Court.

T. N. Lindsey, Trustee of E. W. Morgan, Petitioner, vs. E. W. Morgan's Creditors, &c., Defendants.

P



# THE COMMONWEALTH.

## FRANKFORT.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1863.

**NEW FLAG FOR THE 22d REGIMENT KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS.**—We are informed by Mr. J. D. Pollard, to whom was entrusted the duty of procuring a new flag to be presented to Col. Geo. W. Monroe's gallant 22d Regiment of Kentucky Volunteers in place of their old battle-stained and shattered banner, that the new flag will be here and will be carried and exhibited on the streets of our city on Christmas day.

The following resolutions, in relation to the postponement of the draft, have passed the two houses of the Legislature, and are approved by the Governor. The postponement asked is for the purpose of having a more full enrollment made, and some corrections in the present enrollment. We publish them for the information of our readers:

Whereas, in consequence of the hasty manner in which the troops of Kentucky were furnished, and the irregular manner in which inexperienced officers received volunteers—some regiments sent into the service partly full—and afterwards filled while in the field, a discrepancy of several thousands exist between the number of men actually furnished by Kentucky, and the number credited to her in the Adjutant General's Office at Washington:

And whereas, from the irregularities aforesaid, there are thousands of men in the service from Kentucky, for whom the Adjutant General of Kentucky cannot give descriptive lists, because they are not, as they ought to be, in his office:

And whereas, it is occurring every week, that widows and orphans are sending to the Adjutant General of Kentucky, for descriptive lists of their husbands and fathers, who have fallen in the service, for the purpose of obtaining bounties, back pay and pensions, yet they cannot be furnished—therefore

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

That the Governor be requested to send an agent to the President, and request a postponement of the impending draft, until the discrepancy between the offices of the Adjutant General of the United States and Kentucky, can be adjusted, and the number of men for which Kentucky is entitled to be credited, be ascertained.

2. That the Adjutant General of Kentucky is hereby directed to take immediate steps to procure, and file in his office, full and complete descriptive lists of all the soldiers Kentucky has furnished the General Government during the present war.

3. That the Governor is hereby directed to pay the same out of the Military Fund, for the amount he may cause to be expended under the first resolution, and also for such amount as the Adjutant General shall expend under the second resolution, upon being satisfied by competent testimony, that the amounts presented to him for payment were actually and necessarily expended for these purposes, and none other.

[Approved December 22, 1863.]

Whereas, there exists in many counties of the State, a doubt as to whether or not the men furnished for the purpose of suppressing the present insurrection have been accurately credited to the proper counties, upon the rolls in the office of the Adjutant General of Kentucky—therefore be it

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

That it is hereby recommended to the Judges of the County Courts, to immediately appoint committees of two or more in every precinct of their respective counties, who, having been first duly sworn, shall go through such precinct, carefully ascertain and report as may be possible of the following facts, viz: the name, date of enlistment, in what company and regiment, or other service every soldier or marine, entered from Kentucky, who has served in the State or elsewhere under the authority of the United States, for the purpose set out in this above preamble. That all such returns shall, as soon as practicable, be delivered to the judges of the county, who shall immediately transmit the same to the Adjutant General of Kentucky, and he shall, in all instances, where the evidence is satisfactory, re-adjust the rolls in his office, by giving the proper credit to the counties entitled, taking from the counties which have been improperly credited, and adding all omitted names, in order that, so far as possible, all the soldiers furnished by the State may be properly distributed among the counties which sent them. He shall also record all the names and soldiers furnished by Kentucky, to regiments raised in other States, and to the marine service of the United States.

2. That the Public Printer shall immediately print three hundred copies of these resolutions, furnish a copy to each member of the General Assembly, and send one copy by mail postpaid to each county clerk in the State.

[Approved December 22, 1863.]

**DROWNED.**—We learn that C. Smith, a private in company A, Eighth Kentucky infantry, was drowned in the Tennessee river on the 13th inst., while attempting to cross that stream in a small dugout.

The rebel authorities have forwarded to Fortress Monroe letters signed by Lieutenant Colonel Sanderson, Lieutenant Colonel Van Schrader, Lieutenant Colonel Richmond, and Col. J. F. Boyd, prisoners at Richmond, in which they certify that up to December 4th, the date of the letters, the instructions for the delivery and distribution of food from the North to their fellow-prisoners has been faithfully complied with, and that, in regard to the clothing sent, "every facility for the inspection of the prisoners and the distribution of the clothing has been afforded by the rebel authorities."

**WOOL-GROWERS' CONVENTION.**—It is announced that the wool-growers of Ohio will meet in Convention, in Columbus, on the 5th day of January. So important has the wool interest of late become, that a very large attendance is anticipated. Hon. Henry S. Randall, of New York, will deliver an address. The Sorgho Convention will meet at the same place, on the same day, and the day following the State Board of Agriculture will hold its annual session.

**DARING ROBBERY.**—One of the boldest robberies, says the Indianapolis Journal, ever committed in the city, occurred night before last at the house of Mr. Rosenthal, clothing merchant, at the corner of Illinois and Washington streets. Mr. R. had taken home with him (No. 10 Mississippi street) \$2,500 and deposited it between a feather-bed and mattress. In the night he was awakened by a man standing over him with a bowie-knife in one hand and the other inserted between the bed and mattress, clasp the money. The robber ordered him to keep silent, and not to stir, or he would kill him. Mr. R.'s wife, awakening at this moment, was silenced in the same manner. The rascal then said he was satisfied with what he had, but intended to search the bureau in the next room, on which a small night lamp was burning, and told Mr. R. and his wife not to move on pain of death. Mr. R., however, threw up a window and sprang out as the robber left the room, and gave the alarm. His brother-in-law, Mr. Hays, and several of the police were at the house in a very few minutes, but the robber had fled, and no trace of him has yet been discovered. It seems that he had worked his way into the house through the kitchen window, thence into the dining-room, and thence into the bed chamber, opening the door with an instrument, with which he turned the key. Besides the money in the pocket-book taken from the bed, the robber had previously taken a silver watch and several dollars in gold from Mr. Rosenthal's vest pocket. He wore a mask, and consequently it will be difficult to identify him.

**ANOTHER STEAMER SUNK.**—We have received the following particulars of the sinking of the Fanny McBrine, while on her first trip to Memphis, which event occurred at Island 34, on Sunday the 6th inst. It appears that the boat, while under considerable headway, struck the bank on the Arkansas side with so much force that before the pilot could recover her from the shock she swung round and sunk in a few minutes. She will, it is thought, prove a total loss. But little of the cargo was saved, none, in fact, but that which was placed on the cabin deck, which, together with the passengers and their baggage and the crew, was taken off by the steamer Glendale. She was owned by Capt. Dan. Collier, of Cincinnati, and was purchased by him recently for the Louisville and Memphis trade, at a cost of \$25,000, but, at the time of the accident, would readily have brought \$30,000. She was formerly run in the Marion and Cincinnati line of packets, and was considered a good boat of her class. The Captain has entered protest.

**PENSIONERS.**—According to the report of the Secretary of the Interior, the number of Revolutionary soldiers borne upon the pension-rolls had dwindled down to eighteen on the 30th of June last, of whom only ten had made application for their stipends on the 4th of March. The number of widows of Revolutionary soldiers on the rolls at the same period was 1,573. The whole number of army invalid pensioners on the rolls in June was 7,248, most of whom were pensioned on account of wounds received or disease contracted in the service during the present war. The widows, orphans, and dependent mothers of 3,573 deceased soldiers of the present war were inscribed upon the rolls during the last fiscal year, making the whole number of this class on the rolls at the close of the year 4,820. The number of navy invalids on the rolls at the close of the year was 544, and the number of widows, orphans, and dependent mothers of deceased officers and seamen of the navy, 577. The whole number of army pensioners added to the rolls during the last fiscal year was 7,582, and of the navy 316. The number of army pensioners, of all classes, on the rolls on the 30th of June last, was 13,659, and of the navy 1,132. The payment of the former requires the sum of \$1,257,641 83, and the latter \$144,074 61 per annum.

**REBEL FORCES IN THE COTTON STATES.**—The following table I received from a Major of a Tennessee regiment, whose name I suppress by his request. He naively remarked, in giving me the figures, that as the Confederacy was dead, it was altogether regular to hand in a statement of its assets. The table is as follows:

With Bragg at Dalton ..... 20,000  
In Mississippi ..... 15,000  
At Mobile ..... 5,000  
Scattering ..... 5,000

This is exclusive of those west of the Mississippi, and also of irregular guerrillas. The Major was a man of much intelligence, but was completely disloyal. Of the force at Charleston, and north of it, he knew nothing, and said he would not speak save from the card.—[Chattanooga Cor. N. Y. World.]

**A DETROIT CHESS-PLAYER.**—Francis Henry Elder, Esq., a son of Adam Elder, Esq., of Detroit, has recently been creating considerable sensation among the chess-clubs and chess-amateurs of the East. He has played with the best Eastern players, and been uniformly successful. At Boston he played 25 games in all, with the most noted chess-players of that city, and won 20 out of the 25. He also played eight games simultaneously, blindfolded, and won half of them. At New York he played 20 games, winning 18 of the number—beating those players who formerly contested with Morphy and Paulsen. Thus far, Mr. Elder has shown himself the best player in the Northern States, although he is but 22 years of age.

**A GLORIOUS CREATURE.**—She was a glorious creature—perhaps a little vain—as she swept along the avenue, drawing a silken train. Her robe was very costly, her train very long, and murmuring admiration swelled out from every throng of idle swells and loafers the fair one chance to meet, or who ogled her from taverns and corners of the street.

And thus she promenaded through many weary squares, astonished the people with her grand and lofty airs. But at length her train grew heavy and with labor on she strode, while her garment like a drag net, took the sweepings of the road. On she struggled till she fainted, her brain spun around, and two near-at-hand policemen tried to bear her from the ground.

But, though well and able-bodied, their strength was all in vain; they could lift the gentle dame, but they could not lift the train. At last her skirt was lifted, and a terrible mess lay weltering there, beneath the dress of the lady fair.

There were quids of tobacco and stumps of cigars, "old ogers," that surely had been "through the wars"—a dead rat and a sausage, an old "dogger," cockroaches, live spiders and pieces of tripe, all plastered together with feculent dirt—a pretty appendage to an elegant dress!

They lifted her tenderly—handled with care—put her into a hack and sent her home, and it is to be hoped she will not again be guilty of promenading in her evening dress.

**CAN PAPER BE MADE FROM THE PALMETTO TREE?**—In a letter from Morris Island to the Philadelphia Press, Lieut. S. J. Finley suggests that paper may be made from the palmetto tree. He says:

I herewith transmit for your inspection a sample of the fiber of the palmetto tree, taken from a stump in a state of decay. The section with the bark on it exactly represents the tree. The balance, you will observe, I have divested of its woody substance. I have not examined the green tree carefully, but am convinced that the fiber is not the product of decay. I have made inquiry, and learn that there may be millions of tons of this wood obtained along the coast of Georgia and Florida.

The Lieutenant gives it as his opinion that the fiber can be spun.

**CHECKS ON WASHINGTON.**—The Secretary of Treasury has heretofore paid from one-third to one-half in Treasury notes on checks drawn on Washington by the commissions, and the remainder in certificates of indebtedness, which run one year, bearing interest. These certificates are at a discount in the market of two per cent. for greenbacks. Now he has given notice that he will pay but one-fourth in greenbacks, and the remainder in certificates. Hence the value of these checks has fallen to two per cent. discount in the market.

**THE VIRGINIA CITY ENTERPRISE** is responsible for the following stock broker's prayer:

Our father Mammon who art in the Comstock, bullly is thy name; let thy dividends come, and stocks go up in California as in Washoe. Give us this day our daily commissions; forgive us our swindles as we hope to get even with those who have swindled us. "Lead" us not into temptation of promising wild-cat; deliver us from lawsuits; for thine is the main Comstock, the black sulphur and wire silver, from wall-rock to wall-rock; you bet!

**THE MORNING STAR.**—Venus is now the morning star, and presents a grand sight in the southern heavens, where her crescent form, about as large as a saucer and as bright as the moon, comparatively, can be seen at 4 A. M. Saturn accompanies Venus, but looks like the red light of a lamp beside that of Venus, which is nebulous and very brilliant. The sight will well repay any one for an early look out of doors on a clear, frosty morning.

**Josh Billings' "Essay on the Mule."** The mule is half horse and half jackass, then comes a full stop, nature discovered her mistake. The weight, more according to their height than any other creature, except a crowbar. That mule hear enny quicker, nor enny further, than the horse, yet their ears are big enough for snow shoes. You can trust them with enny one whose life isn't worth more than the mules. The only way to keep them into a pasture, is to turn them into a meadow-jinein, and let them jump out. That are ready for use just as soon as it will do to abuse 'em. That haint got enny more friends than a Chatham street Jew, and will live on huckleberry brush, with an occasional chase after kanada thissels. That are a modern invenshun; I don't think the Bible deludes to them at all. That sell for more than enny other domestic animals. You kant tell their age by looking into their mouth, enny more than you kould a Mexican cannon. That never had a disease that a club won't heel.

If that ever die, that must come to life agin, for I never heard nobody say "ded mule." That are like some men, very corrupt at heart; jive known them to be good for six months, jist to git a chance to kick somebody. I never owned one, nor never mean to, unless there is a United States law passed requiring it. The only reason why that are pasbant is because that are ashamed of a self—tha kould kick and bite trempenja. I would not sa what I am forced to sa agin the mule, if his birth wasn't an outrage, and he aint to blame for it.

Enny man who is willing to drive a mule ought to be exempt by law from running for the legislature. That are the strongest kreeters on arth, and heaviest according to their size; I heard tell of one who fell ophi from the towpath on the kanawl and sunk as soon as he touched the bottom, but kept rite on towin the boat tie next stasun, breathin through his ears, which was out of water two feet six inches. I didn't see this, but an auctioneer told me ov it, and I never knew an auctioneer to lie, unless he kould make something out ov it.

There is a lake in Minnesota, called Minnetonka, which must be very clear and very deep, for a strange genius in describing it says by looking into it you can see them making tea in China.

Gail Hamilton thus describes a woman on a rainy day: "See how she is forced to concentrate all the energies of mind and body on herself and on her casings. One delicate hand clings desperately to the unyielding umbrella; the other is ceaselessly struggling to keep a firm hold of the multitudinous draperies; and if book, basket, or bundle claim a share of her attention, her case is pitiable indeed. Down goes one fold upon the wet flagstone, detected only by an ominous flapping against the ankles when the garment has become saturated—a loosened hold of the umbrella, at which it takes advantage, and immediately sways imminent over the gutter—a convulsive and

random clutch at the petticoats. The umbrella rights, a sudden gust of wind threatens to bear it away; and, one hand not being sufficient to detain it, the other involuntarily comes to the rescue—sweep go the draperies down on the pavement; then another clutch, another adjustment—forward! march! and so on, to the dreary, dragged end."

**THE MORMON THEATRICAL COMPANY**, at Salt Lake City is playing "Ingomar," a story which tells of devoted love to a single wife. "Two hearts that beat as one," says Parthenia, not half a dozen.

**LEAVING THE COUNTRY.**—A gentleman who has just returned from a business trip through Eastern Ohio says that a large number of able-bodied men are leaving the State for fear of the impending draft.

**SEWING AND STARVING.**—So far as many of the seamstresses of New York are concerned, these two terms are synonymous. We talk of women getting a living by the needle—the truth is they get their death by it. The recent revelations on the subject are enough to make a good man blush for the species to which he belongs. In New York—a Christian city—it would seem that hundreds of employers are engaged in a conspiracy to starve thousands of women down to the lowest point of atrophy consistent with the use of their fingers, and to keep them in that condition till they die. These sewing machines, ticking all day long and far into the night, is the death-watch that heralds their doom, and the merciless task-masters for whom they toil are to all intents and purposes, their executioners. Thirty cents per day!—that, we are informed, is about the average compensation of the sewing girls in this rich and prosperous city. The rebels deny our captive soldiers in Richmond the necessities of life, and we justly exclaim against the outrage as a disgrace to human nature. Meanwhile we "patronize" tailors, dress-makers, skirt-makers, shirt-makers, &c., who kill off women—some of them the wives and daughters of those very soldiers—by a somewhat slower but no less heartless process. Thirty cents is given to a seamstress for fourteen hours' work! and at the same time our fashionable modistes are selling velvet cloaks at \$250 apiece, and making a clear profit of from \$75 to \$100 on each. The dealers realize from fifty to one hundred and fifty per cent. on the manufacture of the garment, the poor slave of the needle scarcely enough to pay for shelter without warmth, and bread without meat or butter.

[N. Y. Ledger.]

**The Sea of Galilee.** How sacred are its many associations. We wander along its silent shore; we gaze around on the beautiful scenery that environs its peaceful bosom. The fig tree bends over the projecting rocks, the glittering sprays sparkle on the smooth sea, and we almost hear the soft ripples of the rolling waves. We are filled with emotions of joy and gratitude, and our thoughts arise to Him "whose way is in the sea, whose path is in the great waters, and whose footsteps are not known."

But alas! how changed the scene! Dark thunder-clouds are hovering over its waters. Angry gusts of wind lash into fury its former peaceful waves. By the lightning's glare, we discern a frail bark struggling for life amid the foaming billows; and, as its flashes lighten the gloom, the affrighted disciples watch the form that is securely and serenely walking upon the watery waste toward their sinking bark; but when they hear the well-known accents of the Saviors voice; "It is I, be not afraid!" their fear gives way to emotions of confidence and joy. And thus it is in all our affliction. If we keep our mind fixed on Christ, we will not sink beneath the deep waters.—[United Press.]

**MORE GOVERNMENT VESSELS TO BE BUILT AT CHARLESTOWN.**—Orders were received at the Navy Yard, Charleston, yesterday, for the building of several new vessels. Two of them, sloops-of-war, will be among the largest of their class ever built for the navy. They are to be named, respectively, the "Ammonoosuc" and "Companions," and no pains or expense will be spared to make them both formidable and fast. It will take at least six months to construct them, and three or four more to supply the machinery.—[Boston Post, 17th.]

**THE PENSION BILL**, passed by the House of Representatives, appropriates \$1,000,000 for invalids, and \$2,200,000 for all other pensions under the various acts from July 4, 1830, to July 14, 1862, the aggregate being \$2,200,000 for the fiscal year 1864-5.

**TERRIBLE STORM ON THE PLAINS.**—ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY CATTLE FROZEN.—The foreman of this office has received a private letter from one of the drivers of the Kansas City and Santa Fe Overland Stage Line, in which he says the snow is eighteen inches deep on the Arkansas, and that one hundred and fifty cattle belonging to Parker's train froze to death, between Fort Lyon (formerly Fort Wise) and Santa Fe. The letter also states that a lot of the hands of the stage company got frozen so badly that they had to be taken to the hospital at Fort Larned.—[St. Joseph, Mo., Journal.]

**A SNAKE IN HIS HAT.**—The Editor of a periodical states that a gentleman of the highest veracity related to him the following snake story, which he has not time to list. "Office open from 8 o'clock A. M., until 6 P. M."

**NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.** WE would respectfully announce to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, that we have just received and opened, on the corner of Main and St. Clair Streets, (Getz's old stand) a complete assortment of **STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,** Consisting of—  
WHITE GOODS, LINENS, EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c.  
The attention of the Ladies is particularly called to our stock of **DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.**  
Gentlemen will find a complete assortment of **CLOTHS, CASIMERES, AND FURNISHING GOODS.**  
Our goods having been purchased for cash exclusively of the largest Importers East, we are enabled to sell them at Cincinnati and Louisville retail prices for cash only, and we pledge ourselves to duplicate all bills purchased in the above cities at retail prices. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to call and examine our stock.  
J. L. & W. H. WAGGENER,  
Late of Danville Ky.  
Dec. 21, 1863-4f.

### MARRIED.

In Mount Vernon, Ky., on the 16th December, by Rev. Charles Kirtley, Mr. James C. P. MYERS to Miss SALLIE, daughter of Major Alfred Smith.

### Negroes for Hire.

MEN, women, boys, and girls. Inquire of MRS. L. HERNDON, FRANKFORT, Dec. 23, 1863-2w.

### Split Bottom Chairs.

I HAVE a large lot of Kentucky Penitentiary split bottom chairs for sale. Persons wishing to purchase, will call on Jas. L. Snyder at the Capital Hotel.  
Dec. 23, 1863-4f.

### U. S. 5-20's.

The Secretary of the Treasury has not yet given notice of any intention to withdraw this popular Loan from Sale at Par, and until then days notice is given, the undersigned, as "General Subscription Agent," will continue to supply the public.

The whole amount of the Loan authorized is Five Hundred Millions of Dollars. Nearly Four Hundred Millions have been already subscribed for and paid into the Treasury, mostly within the last seven months. The large demand from abroad, and the rapidly increasing home demand for use as the basis for circulation by National Banking Associations now organizing in all parts of the country, will, in a very short period, absorb the balance. Sales have lately ranged from ten to fifteen millions weekly, frequently exceeding three millions daily, and as it is well known that the Secretary of the Treasury has ample and unfailing resources in the Duties on Imports and Internal Revenue, and in the sales of the interest-bearing Legal Tender Treasury Notes, it is almost a certainty that he will not find it necessary, for a long time to come, to seek a market for any other long or permanent Loans THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL OF WHICH ARE PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Prudent and self-interest must force the minds of those contemplating the formation of National Banking Associations, as well as the minds of all who have idle money on their hands, to the prompt conclusion that they should lose no time in subscribing to this most popular Loan. It will soon be beyond their reach and advance to a handsome premium, as was the result with the "Seven Thirty" Loan, when it was all sold and could no longer be subscribed for at par.

It is a Six per Cent. Loan, the Interest and Principal payable in Coin, thus yielding over Nine per cent. per annum at the present rate of premium on coin.

The Government requires all duties on imports to be paid in coin; these duties have for a long time past amounted to over a Quarter of a Millions of Dollars daily, a sum nearly three times greater than that required in the payment of the interest on all the 5-20's and other permanent Loans. So that it is hoped that the surplus Coin in the Treasury, at no distant day, will enable the United States to resume specie payment upon all liabilities.

The loan is called 5-20 from the fact that whilst the Bonds may run for 20 years, yet the Government has a right to pay them off in gold, at par, at any time after 5 years.

The interest is paid half-yearly, viz: on the first days of November and May.

Subscribers can have Coupon Bonds, which are payable to bearer, and are \$50, \$500, and \$1,000; or Registered Bonds of same denominations, and in addition, \$5,000 and \$10,000. For Banking purposes and for investments of Trust-money, the Registered Bonds are preferable.

These 5-20's cannot be taxed by States, cities, towns, or counties, and the Government tax on them is only one-and-a-half per cent. on the amount of income, when the income of the holder exceeds six hundred dollars per annum; all other investments, such as income from Mortgages, Railroad Stock and Bonds, etc., must pay from three to five per cent. tax on the income.

Banks and Bankers throughout the country will continue to dispose of the Bonds; and all orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

The inconvenience of a few days' delay in the delivery of the bonds is unavoidable, the demand being so great; but as interest commences from the day of subscription, no loss is occasioned, and every effort is being made to diminish the delay.

JAY COOKE, Subscriptions Agent.

114 SOUTH THIRD ST., PHILADELPHIA.

Dec. 23, 1863-w&twlw.

### NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE CARROLL county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself ED. WILLIAMS. He is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, light complexion, 19 years of age, had on when taken up a striped cassimere box coat, black felt hat, and gray mixed pants, and in his possession an oil cloth and blanket, marked with the letters U. S. He was taken from the steamer Prima Donna, at the wharf at Carroll county Ky. Says he belongs to Park Townsend, of Hanville, Alabama.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

DAVID OWEN, J. C. C.

Dec. 17, 1863-1m.

### A LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Frankfort, Ky., on the 21st day of December, 1863, which, if not called for in one month, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office at Washington, D. C.  
Bailey, Edmond (2) Morrey, Thomas (2)  
Boek, James, B. Mitchell, Isaac

Chambers, Wm. Nights, Peter  
Coates, John E. Portman, George  
Cordwell, Thos. Peter, B. A.  
Omb, Miss Mary Price, Mrs. Maria  
Carr, Miss Bettie

Dixon, Miss Nannie Riddell, Miss Kittie  
Darling, Henry E. Swift, Miss Amelia  
Fridlander, M. Sinclair, Arthur W.  
Harrison, Henry C. Simpson, Baisel

Hawingsmilk, John Taylor, Miss M. L.  
Kanaia, Miss Sarah Tracy, Miss Puss  
Townsend, Mrs. Kate Vanhook, Ephraim

Lorn, Capt. J. S. Lovelace, Mr. Henry E. Wise, Wm.

Mass, Miss Annie

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised" and give date of list. Office open from 8 o'clock A. M., until 6 P. M.

W. A. GAINES, P. M.

December 23, 1863-1t.

### NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

WE would respectfully announce to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, that we have just received and opened, on the corner of Main and St. Clair Streets, (Getz's old stand) a complete assortment of **STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,** Consisting of—  
WHITE GOODS, LINENS, EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c.  
The attention of the Ladies is particularly called to our stock of **DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.**  
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Our goods having been purchased for cash exclusively of the largest Importers East, we are enabled to sell them at Cincinnati and Louisville retail prices for cash only, and we pledge ourselves to duplicate all bills purchased in the above cities at retail prices. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to call and examine our stock.  
J. L. & W. H. WAGGENER,  
Late of Danville Ky.  
Dec. 21, 1863-4f.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Wm. GRAIK, as a candidate for City Marshal, at the next election for city officers.  
Dec. 15, 1863-1e.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

METCALFE'S REPORT—volumes 1, 2 and 3—for sale at S. C. Bull's Book store.

### SAPONIFIER, OR CONCENTRATED LYE.

FAMILY SOAP MAKER. WAR MAKES HIGH PRICES SAPONIFIER helps to reduce them. It makes Soap for Four cents a pound by using your kitchen grease.

CAUTION! As spurious Lyes are offered also, be careful and only buy the Patented article put up in Iron cans, all others being Counterfeits. PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING CO. Philadelphia—No. 127, Walnut Street. Pittsburg—Pitt Street and Duquesne Way. Nov. 18, 1863-3m.

### NOTICE.

To persons holding Quarter-master's and Commissaries' vouchers or certificates: THE undersigned will attend promptly to the collection of Quarter-master's and Commissaries' vouchers or certificates, and all other just claims against the Government.

We have made arrangements with the Departments at Washington city for the prompt payment of all vouchers or certificates placed in our hands for collection, which have been reported to the Departments by the Quarter-masters and Commissaries.

In all cases where the property has not been returned or accounted for to the Departments by the Quarter-masters and Commissaries, their pay will be stopped until such return of the property is made.

Our charges will be reasonable, depending on the time and trouble in collecting. No compensation asked until collections are made.

All persons who wish to have their claims or vouchers secured, should forward them to us immediately for collection.

Office southwest corner of Walnut and Third streets, No. 2, up stairs, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SAMUEL F. CARY & CO.  
Dec. 16, 1863-5td&1w.

### COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND SLAVES.

THE undersigned, as Commissioner under a judgment of the Scott Circuit Court, in the case of John F. Payne, trustee, vs. William Johnson and others; will expose at public sale to the highest bidder On Tuesday, the 12th of January, 1864, the Farm on which the said Johnson now resides, situated in Scott county, three miles from Georgetown, immediately on the turnpike leading from that place to Frankfort, containing about

460 ACRES

Of first-rate Land, in a high state of cultivation, and with an ample supply of water and timber for all purposes.

This farm will be divided and sold in parcels as follows, viz:

No. 1. All that portion of the farm situated on the north side of the turnpike, containing about

242 ACRES.

And upon which are the dwelling house and all other improvements necessary for comfort and convenience.

No. 2. The portion of the farm on the north side of the turnpike containing, about



STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ATNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1863, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled, "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

THE name of the corporation is ATNA INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

The capital is FIFTY HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, and is paid up.

ASSETS.

Real Estate unencumbered, \$87,963 18

Cash on hand and in Bank, 88,990 92

Cash in the hands of Agents and in transit, 111,963 05

Hartford, P. & F. Railroad, 111,963 05

Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, \$44,000 30,000 00

Cleveland & P. A. Railroad, Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 3,500 4,000 00

N. Y. Central Railroad (Convert.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 12,200 00

Cleveland & T. Railroad, (S. F.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00

Michigan, S. & N. R. R., (G. I. Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00

Michigan, S. & N. R. R., (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00

P. R. W. & C. Railroad, (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00

Atlantic Dock Co., Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00

Hartford & N. H. R. R., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 38,000 41,800 00

N. Y. Central Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 30,000 32,400 00

N. Y. R. & F. Railroad, Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 19,000 19,000 00

Conn. River Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 10,000 00

Union Atlantic Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 3,000 3,300 00

Michigan Central R. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 8 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 12,100 00

Rochester City Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 28,000 00

Brooklyn City Bonds, (Water), 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 29,250 00

New York City Bonds, 6 per cent., quarterly, 75,000 86,250 00

Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 35,000 42,940 00

Hartford City Scrip, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 26,000 26,000 00

Town of Hartford Bonds, 1853 & 1854, 6 per cent., annual interest, 60,000 67,200 00

Jersey City Water Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 28,500 00

United States Coupon Bonds 1874, 5 per cent., semi-annual interest, 205,000 209,900 00

United States Coupon Bonds 1881, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 125,000 135,000 00

United States 5-20s, Coupon Bonds 1882, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 100,000 100,000 00

U. S. Treasury Notes, (August), 7-10 per cent., semi-annual interest, 57,300 60,165 00

Ky. State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 10,500 00

N. Y. State Stock, 6 per cent., quarterly interest, 31,000 35,650 00

N. J. State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 10,500 00

Connecticut State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 20,000 22,800 00

Ohio State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 100,000 112,000 00

Michigan State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 28,000 00

Indiana State Stock, 2 1/2 per cent., semi-annual interest, 76,000 45,600 00

Temporary loan to the State of Connecticut, with secured interest, 101,580 70

Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co., Scrip, 1862, 1863, 18,000 15,888 00

50 Shares Hartford & N. H. R. Co. Stock, 50,000 90,000 00

250 Shares Conn. River R. Co. Stock, 25,000 28,500 00

107 Shares Boston and Worcester R. Co. Stock, 10,700 15,515 00

50 Shares Conn. River Co. Stock, 5,000 5,250 00

50 Shares Citizens' Bk's S'tk, 5,000 5,250 00

50 Shares Stafford Bk's S'tk, 5,000 5,150 00

25 Shares Eagle Bk's S'tk, 1,800 1,800 00

200 Shares Revere Bk's S'tk, 20,000 21,000 00

100 Shares Safe Fund Bk's S'tk, 10,000 10,300 00

200 Shares Bk's S'tk, 20,000 16,000 00

Mo. S'tk, St. Louis, Mo., 20,000 16,000 00

100 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo., 10,000 8,000 00

200 Shares Mechanics Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo., 20,000 16,000 00

400 Shares Farmers and Merchants Bk's S'tk, Phil. Pa., 40,000 22,800 00

40 Shares Atina Bk's S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 14,000 14,700 00

100 Shares Bank of Hartford S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 5,000 5,500 00

200 Shares City Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn., 20,000 21,600 00

100 Shares Charter Oak Bk's S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 10,000 9,900 00

275 Shares Exchange Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn., 13,750 13,750 00

440 Shares Farmers & Merchants Bk's S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 44,000 51,040 00

100 Shares Merchants & Manufacturers Bk's S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 10,000 10,500 00

300 Shares Phoenix Bk's S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 30,000 32,100 00

250 Shares State Bk's S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 25,000 30,500 00

150 Shares Conn. River B'king Co. S'tk, Hartford, Conn., 7,500 11,250 00

400 Shares Am. Ex. Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 40,000 42,000 00

800 Shares Broadway Bank S'tk, N. Y. City, 30,000 39,000 00

800 Shares N. Y. City Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 30,000 32,000 00

800 Shares Butchers & Drovers Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 20,000 25,000 00

100 Shares City Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 10,000 14,000 00

200 Shares Bank of Commerce Stock, N. Y. City, 20,000 20,400 00

100 Shares Hanover Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 10,000 10,000 00

300 Shares Importers and Traders Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 30,000 31,800 00

100 Shares Mercantile Bank Stock, N. Y. City, 10,000 13,000 00

200 Shares Market Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 20,000 20,000 00

1200 Shares Mechanics Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 30,000 35,400 00

200 Shares Merchants Ex. Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 10,000 10,000 00

400 Shares Metropolitan Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 40,000 46,000 00

800 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, N. Y. City, 41,000 44,280 00

400 Shares Manhattan Co. Bk's S'tk, N. Y. City, 20,000 23,000 00

Table with 3 columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Rows include 300 Shares Nassau Bk's S'tk, 200 Shares North River Bk's S'tk, 300 Shares Bank of N. Y. S'tk, etc.

Total assets of Company, \$2,952,248 85

LIABILITIES.

The amount of Liabilities due or not due to banks and other creditors, None.

Losses adjusted and due, None.

Losses adjusted and not due, \$ 5,628 83

Losses unadjusted, in suspense, or waiting for further proofs, 137,107 12

All claims against the Company are small, for printing, &c.

Total liabilities, \$142,735 95

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, HARTFORD COUNTY.

Thomas A. Alexander, President, and Lucius J. Hendee, Secretary of the ATNA INSURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, depose and say, each for himself, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds; that the above described investments upon any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; and that they are the above described officers of the said Atina Insurance Company.

THOS. A. ALEXANDER, President.

LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for said County of Hartford, State of Connecticut, this 2d day of July, 1863.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KY., FRANKFORT, July 2, 1863.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal, the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, July 2, 1863.

No. 20, Renewal.]

This is to certify, that J. M. Mills, as Agent of the Atina Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said J. M. Mills, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

By C. BAILEY, Assistant.

The following is a list of licensed Agents in Kentucky for the year commencing July 1, 1863.

Jas. W. Armstrong, Augusta, Bracken county.

Wm. Alexander, Brandenburg, Meade.

Philip S. Bush, Covington, Kenton.

M. L. Broadwell, Cynthiana, Harrison.

Jas. A. Chappell, Carlisle, Nicholas.

Alex. H. Lathrop, Carrollton, Carroll.

David R. Murray, Cloverport, Breckinridge county.

Alex. S. McGroarty, Danville, Boyle.

Stephen Eliot, Elizabethtown, Hardin.

Fred. H. Skinner, Eddyville, Lyon.

John M. Mills, Frankfort, Franklin.

John Stockwell, Flemingsburg, Fleming.

David R. Murray, Jr., Georgetown, Scott.

Philip H. Hillyer, Henderson, Henderson.

H. A. Phelps, Hopkinsville, Christian.

Stephen Powers, Hawesville, Hancock.

James A. Curry, Harrodsburg, Mercer.

Jas. W. Cochran, Lexington, Fayette.

Abner G. Daniel, Jr., Lancaster, Garrard.

Fred. B. Morime, Lebanon, Marion.

Wm. Prather, Louisville, Jefferson.

Joseph Broderick, Mayfield, Mason.

Wm. Hoffman, Mt. Sterling, Montgomery.

Chas. T. Chilton, New Castle, Henry.

John A. Willie, Nicholasville, Jessamine.

Henry Blanton, New Liberty, Owen.

Chas. P. Buchanan, Newport, Campbell.

John O'Brien, Owensboro, Davies.

Wm. W. Massie, Paris, Bourbon.

Isaac D. Smith, Richmond, Madison.

Wm. R. Casey, Springfield, Livingston.

Thos. M. Davis, Smithland, Livingston.

James L. Caldwell, Shelbyville, Shelby.

Henry T. Harris, Stanford, Lincoln.

David R. Murray, Versailles, Woodford.

A. C. Ward, Winchester, Clark.

H. J. Abbott, Warsaw, Gallatin.

July 20-2w.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that JOHN W. SWAIN, under indictment in the Kenton Circuit Court for the murder of Peter Finley, has made his escape from the Kentucky jail of said county, and is now going at large:

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said John W. Swain, and his delivery to the jailer of Kenton county, within one year from the date hereof:

[L. S.] I have hereto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 2d day of Sept., A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor: E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.

Sept. 2, 1863-w&wt3m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Livingston county, as a runaway slave, on the 5th of September 1863, a negro boy calling himself ADAM. He is about 10 or 12 years of age, 4 feet 2 inches high, black color, Says he belongs to Nat. Porter of Henry county, Tennessee.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. T. A. LEEPER, J. L. C.

Sept. 16, 1863-1m.

MRS. MARY WILLIS TODD'S SCHOOL.

will commence, Monday, the 7th day of September, 1863, in the basement of the Presbyterian Church.

TERMS—Per Session of five months, \$10.

July 22, 1863-2t.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself MOLLY. She is about 16 years of age, black color. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires. B. WILSON, J. G. C. Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE GRANT county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro girl calling herself LUCY. She is about 8 years old, black color. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires. B. WILSON, J. G. C. Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE GRANT county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself LOUISA, and her two children, HENRY and WILLIAM. The woman is about 22 years of age, mulatto color. Henry is about 4 years of age, mulatto color. William is about 2 years of age, mulatto color. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires. B. WILSON, J. G. C. Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself ESTER. She is about 56 years of age, black color. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires. B. WILSON, J. G. C. Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself SALLY. She is about 40 years of age, black color. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires. B. WILSON, J. G. C. Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself BEN. He is about 25 years of age, black color. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. B. WILSON, J. G. C. Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

Stray Notice. ANDERSON COUNTY, Ky. TAKEN UP, as a stray, by Wm. Malar, one SORREL MARE, four years old, a small star in the forehead. Appraised to seventy dollars before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace for said county, this 25th day of September, 1863. G. W. CATLETT, J. P. A. C. Oct. 5, 1863-1m.

NOTICE. THERE IS COMMITTED TO THE LYON county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself ISAAC. He is about 40 years of age, weighing 150 pounds, black color, about 5 feet 6 inches high. Says he belongs to Sarah B. Wood, of Nashville, Tennessee. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. JOHN LONG, J. L. C. Oct. 7, 1863-1m.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York.)

WOULD call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demi-grain, Pure Virginia, Coarse Rappee, Natchitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, Fresh Scotch, or Lundyfoot.

Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-cut Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, which will be found of a Superior Quality.

TOBACCO.

Smoking, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Long, P. A. L., or plain, S. Jago, No. 1, Cavendish, or Sweet, Spanish, No. 2, Sweet Scented Oranoe, Canastot, No. 1 & 2, Fine Eoil Cavendish, Turkish mixed, Granulated.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application.

April 24, 1863-1y.

Louisville and Frankfort, and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads.

ON and after Monday, Nov. 9, 1863, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:50 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro and Bellevue, connecting at Eminence with stage for New Castle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg and Danville, at Midway for Versailles, at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Lexington, via rail and stage, for Nicholasville, Danville, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior towns.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at 3:15 A. M., and arrive at Louisville at 9 A. M., and will leave Louisville at 3:30 P. M., arriving at Frankfort at 7:15 P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville daily (Sundays excepted) at 5:30 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:00 A. M.

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.

SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.

Nov. 9, 1863.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Livingston county, as a runaway slave, on the 1st of September, 1863, a negro man calling himself BLEWFOED. He is about 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, black color, and will weigh about 130 pounds. Says he belongs to Dr. Fletcher, of Henderson county, Kentucky.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. T. A. LEEPER, J. L. C.